



General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 1195

January Session, 2005

* _____SB01195JUD__041305_____*

**AN ACT CONCERNING REVISIONS TO CERTAIN CRIMINAL
STATUTES, THE DISCLOSURE OF PERSONAL INFORMATION OF
EMPLOYEES OF CERTAIN AGENCIES AND THE SALE OF BODY
ARMOR.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General
Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 53a-172 of the general statutes is
2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
3 *October 1, 2005*):

4 (a) A person is guilty of failure to appear in the first degree when (1)
5 while charged with the commission of a felony and while out on bail
6 or released under other procedure of law, [he] such person wilfully
7 fails to appear when legally called according to the terms of [his] such
8 person's bail bond or promise to appear, or (2) while on probation for
9 conviction of a felony, [he] such person wilfully fails to appear when
10 legally called for [a violation of probation hearing] any court hearing
11 relating to a violation of such probation.

12 Sec. 2. Subsection (a) of section 53a-173 of the general statutes is
13 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
14 *October 1, 2005*):

15 (a) A person is guilty of failure to appear in the second degree when
16 (1) while charged with the commission of a misdemeanor or a motor
17 vehicle violation for which a sentence to a term of imprisonment may

18 be imposed and while out on bail or released under other procedure of
19 law, [he] such person wilfully fails to appear when legally called
20 according to the terms of [his] such person's bail bond or promise to
21 appear, or (2) while on probation for conviction of a misdemeanor or
22 motor vehicle violation, [he] such person wilfully fails to appear when
23 legally called for [a violation of probation hearing] any court hearing
24 related to a violation of such probation.

25 Sec. 3. Subdivision (17) of section 53a-3 of the general statutes is
26 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
27 *October 1, 2005*):

28 (17) "Shotgun" means a weapon [designed or redesigned, made or
29 remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and] designed or
30 redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of the explosive in a
31 fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of
32 ball shot or a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger.

33 Sec. 4. Subdivision (20) of section 53a-3 of the general statutes is
34 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
35 *October 1, 2005*):

36 (20) "Electronic defense weapon" means a weapon which by
37 electronic impulse or current is capable of immobilizing a person
38 temporarily, but is not capable of inflicting death or serious physical
39 injury, and includes a stun gun or other conductive energy device.

40 Sec. 5. Subsection (a) of section 46b-38b of the general statutes is
41 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
42 *October 1, 2005*):

43 (a) Whenever a peace officer determines upon speedy information
44 that a family violence crime, except a family violence crime involving a
45 dating relationship, has been committed within such officer's
46 jurisdiction, such officer shall arrest the person or persons suspected of
47 its commission and charge such person or persons with the

48 appropriate crime. The decision to arrest and charge shall not (1) be
 49 dependent on the specific consent of the victim, (2) consider the
 50 relationship of the parties, or (3) be based solely on a request by the
 51 victim. Whenever a peace officer determines that a family violence
 52 crime has been committed, such officer may seize any firearm or
 53 electronic defense weapon, as defined in subdivision (20) of section
 54 53a-3, as amended by this act, at the location where the crime is alleged
 55 to have been committed that is in the possession of any person arrested
 56 for the commission of such crime or suspected of its commission or
 57 that is in plain view. Not later than seven days after any such seizure,
 58 the law enforcement agency shall return such firearm or electronic
 59 defense weapon in its original condition to the rightful owner thereof
 60 unless such person is ineligible to possess such firearm or electronic
 61 defense weapon or unless otherwise ordered by the court.

62 Sec. 6. Subsection (e) of section 14-10 of the general statutes is
 63 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
 64 *October 1, 2005*):

65 (e) In the event (1) a federal court judge, federal court magistrate or
 66 judge of the Superior Court, Appellate Court or Supreme Court of the
 67 state, (2) a member of a municipal police department or a member of
 68 the Division of State Police within the Department of Public Safety, (3)
 69 an employee of the Department of Correction, (4) an attorney-at-law
 70 who represents or has represented the state in a criminal prosecution,
 71 [or] (5) a member of the Board of Pardons and Paroles, or (6) an
 72 employee of the Division of Criminal Justice or the Division of Public
 73 Defender Services submits a written request and furnishes such
 74 individual's business address to the commissioner, such business
 75 address only shall be disclosed or available for public inspection to the
 76 extent authorized by this section.

77 Sec. 7. Section 53-341b of the general statutes is repealed and the
 78 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005*):

79 (a) No person, firm or corporation shall sell or deliver body armor

80 to another person unless the transferee meets in person with the
81 transferor to accomplish the sale or delivery.

82 (b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to
83 the sale or delivery of body armor to a sworn member or authorized
84 official of an organized local police department, [or of] the Division of
85 State Police within the Department of Public Safety or the Division of
86 Criminal Justice, to an authorized official of a municipality or the
87 Department of Administrative Services that purchases body armor on
88 behalf of an organized local police department, [or said] the Division
89 of State Police within the Department of Public Safety or the Division
90 of Criminal Justice or to a member of the National Guard or the armed
91 forces reserve.

92 (c) As used in this section, "body armor" means any material
93 designed to be worn on the body and to provide bullet penetration
94 resistance.

95 (d) Any person, firm or corporation that violates the provisions of
96 this section shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2005</i>	53a-172(a)
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2005</i>	53a-173(a)
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2005</i>	53a-3(17)
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2005</i>	53a-3(20)
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2005</i>	46b-38b(a)
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2005</i>	14-10(e)
Sec. 7	<i>October 1, 2005</i>	53-341b

JUD *Joint Favorable Subst.*